

FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE UPDATE

August 2014

Vol. 34, No. 8

Bridging Big Data and Clinical Practice

In the last several issues, Dr. Bland has had the opportunity to interview several individuals—Dr. James Fries, Dr. Leroy Hood, and Dr. Eric Schadt—who, in their respective fields of study, are advancing the concepts of systems biology and transforming medicine based on lessons learned (and data gathered) in the genomic era in which we now live. But how do these big data projects and longitudinal studies translate to the world of the practicing clinician? What applications are there now and what applications will be coming in the near term? How long will it take for new guidelines to appear that will influence standards of care in the way the Framingham Heart Study did in the second half of the 20th century?

It is these questions—and more—that Dr. Bland uses the forum of the August issue to explore and address. Using the synthesis style he has become known for, Dr. Bland gathers information from articles taken from the medical literature, both past and recent, as well as from some trade journals (most specifically those focused on the pharmaceutical industry), which can also provide some valuable insight. He breaks down the current applications of genomic information into three key areas: oncology, genetic diseases of metabolism, and chronic degenerative diseases.

Next month—September—will feature an interview with Dr. Jennifer Lovejoy, who is overseeing the patient component of the Pioneer 100 project, the ambitious study currently underway at the Institute for Systems Biology in Seattle. In this study, participants not only agree to an intensive analysis of their genetic and physiological information, but also of their lifestyle factors using tools such as questionnaires and interactive coaching. In short, Dr. Lovejoy is not crunching numbers (that task falls to other scientists working on the project), but rather she focuses on the aspects of the study related to patient interaction: the tools used to gather information from them and the communication techniques used to translate information about their data in meaningful ways.

With his August commentary and the September discussion that will follow, Dr. Bland hopes to connect FMU subscribers to information about how genomic studies will impact their clinical practice and patient interaction in the not-too-distant future.

References

1. Fries JF. Aging, natural death, and the compression of morbidity. *N Engl J Med*. 1980 Jul 17;303:130-5.
2. Vita AJ, Terry RB, Hubert HB, Fries JF. Aging, health risks, and cumulative disability. *N Engl J Med*. 1998 Apr 9;338(15):1035-41.
3. Swartz A. James Fries: healthy aging pioneer. *Am J Public Health*. 2008 Jul;98(7):1163-6.
4. Looney W. From the editor: the peace dividend. *Pharm Exec*. 2014 Jul;34(7):3-4.
5. Bauer UE, Briss PA, Goodman RA, Bowman BA. Prevention of chronic disease in the 21st century: elimination of the leading preventable causes of premature death and disability in the USA. *Lancet*. 2014 Jul 5;384(9937):45-52.

6. Making primary care people-centred: a 21st century blueprint. *Lancet*. 2014 Jul 26;384(9940):281.
7. Comer B. CEO profile: the patient value equation. *Pharm Exec*. 2014 Jul;34(7):34-39.
8. Friend SH, Schadt EE. Translational genomics. Clues from the resilient. *Science*. 2014 May 30;344(6187):970-2.
9. Basile KJ, Johnson ME, Xia Q, Grant SF. Genetic susceptibility to type 2 diabetes and obesity: follow-up of findings from genome-wide association studies. *Int J Endocrinol*. 2014;2014:769671.
10. Kussmann M, Morine MJ, Hager J, Sonderegger B, Kaput J. Perspective: a systems approach to diabetes research. *Front Genet*. 2013 Oct 16;4:205.
11. Ley SH, Hamdy O, Mohan V, Hu FB. Prevention and management of type 2 diabetes: dietary components and nutritional strategies. *Lancet*. 2014 Jun 7;383(9933):1999-2007.
12. Lee T, Sachdev P. The contributions of twin studies to the understanding of brain ageing and neurocognitive disorders. *Curr Opin Psychiatry*. 2014 Mar;27(2):122-7.
13. Kotze MJ, van Rensburg SJ. Pathology supported genetic testing and treatment of cardiovascular disease in middle age for prevention of Alzheimer's disease. *Metab Brain Dis*. 2012 Sep;27(3):255-66.
14. Liu H, Yang M, Li GM, Qui Y, Zheng J, et al. The MTHFR C677T polymorphism contributes to an increased risk for vascular dementia: a meta-analysis. *J Neurol Sci*. 2010 Jul 15;294(1-2):74-80.
15. Tammimäki A, Männistö PT. Catechol-O-methyltransferase gene polymorphism and chronic human pain: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Pharmacogenet Genomics*. 2012 Sep;22(9):673-91.
16. Dauncey MJ. Recent advances in nutrition, genes and brain health. *Proc Nutr Soc*. 2012 Nov;71(4):581-91.
17. Son TG, Camandola S, Mattson MP. Hormetic dietary phytochemicals. *Neuromolecular Med*. 2008;10(4):236-46.
18. Vojdani A, Kharrazian D, Mukherjee PS. Elevated levels of antibodies against xenobiotics in a subgroup of healthy subjects. *J Appl Toxicol*. 2014 Jul 18.

The information given and discussed in these materials is for research and education purposes only and is not intended to prescribe treatment.